# Exhibit A

, who issues or requests this subpoena, are:

AO 88A (Rev. 06/09) Subpoena to Testify at a Deposition in a Civil Action

# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT District of Rhode Island Estate of Ungar et al. Plaintiff Civil Action No. 00-105L ٧. Palestinian Authority et al. (If the action is pending in another district, state where: SUBPOENA TO TESTIFY AT A DEPOSITION IN A CIVIL ACTION To: DEWEY & LEBOEUF L.L.P. Testimony: YOU ARE COMMANDED to appear at the time, date, and place set forth below to testify at a deposition to be taken in this civil action. If you are an organization that is not a party in this case, you must designate one or more officers, directors, or managing agents, or designate other persons who consent to testify on your behalf about the following matters, or those set forth in an attachment: See Appendix A Date and Time: Place: McIntyre, Tate & Lynch, LLP 321 South Main Street, Suite 400 11/15/2010 9:00 am Providence, RI 02903 The deposition will be recorded by this method: stenographically \*\*Production: You, or your representatives, must also bring with you to the deposition the following documents, electronically stored information, or objects, and permit their inspection, copying, testing, or sampling of the material: See Appendix B The provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 45(c), relating to your protection as a person subject to a subpoena, and Rule 45 (d) and (e), relating to your duty to respond to this subpoena and the potential consequences of not doing so, are attached. Date: 11/4//0 CLERK OF COURT Attorney's signature Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk Estate of Ungar et al The name, address, e-mail, and telephone number of the attorney representing (name of party)

David J. Strachman, 321 South Main Street, Suite 400, Providence, RI 02903, djs@mtlesq.com, (401) 351-7700

88A (Rev. 06/09) Subpoena to		
vil Action No. 00-105l	-	
	PROOF OF SERVICE	
(This sec	tion should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 45.)	
This subpoena for	(name of individual and title, if any)	
s received by me on (da	nte)	
☐ I served the su	bpoena by delivering a copy to the named individual as follows:	
	on (date) ; or	
☐ I returned the	subpoena unexecuted because:	
Unless the subpotendered to the w	ena was issued on behalf of the United States, or one of its officers or agents, I itness fees for one day's attendance, and the mileage allowed by law, in the am	have also
Unless the subpotendered to the w	subpoena unexecuted because:  ena was issued on behalf of the United States, or one of its officers or agents, I	have also
Unless the subpotendered to the w	ena was issued on behalf of the United States, or one of its officers or agents, I itness fees for one day's attendance, and the mileage allowed by law, in the am	have also ount of
Unless the subpotendered to the w	ena was issued on behalf of the United States, or one of its officers or agents, I itness fees for one day's attendance, and the mileage allowed by law, in the am  for travel and \$ for services, for a total of \$ enalty of perjury that this information is true.	have also ount of
Unless the subpotendered to the w  y fees are \$  I declare under p	ena was issued on behalf of the United States, or one of its officers or agents, I itness fees for one day's attendance, and the mileage allowed by law, in the am  for travel and \$ for services, for a total of \$ enalty of perjury that this information is true.	have also ount of

Server's address

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

### Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45 (c), (d), and (e) (Effective 12/1/07)

Document 598-1

#### (c) Protecting a Person Subject to a Subpoena.

(1) Avoiding Undue Burden or Expense; Sanctions. A party or attorney responsible for issuing and serving a subpoena must take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to the subpoena. The issuing court must enforce this duty and impose an appropriate sanction --- which may include lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fees - on a party or attorney who fails to comply.

#### (2) Command to Produce Materials or Permit Inspection.

- (A) Appearance Not Required. A person commanded to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or to permit the inspection of premises, need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless also commanded to appear for a deposition, hearing, or trial.
- (B) Objections. A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things or to permit inspection may serve on the party or attorney designated in the subpoena a written objection to inspecting, copying, testing or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises --- or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoena is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:
- (i) At any time, on notice to the commanded person, the serving party may move the issuing court for an order compelling production or inspection.
- (ii) These acts may be required only as directed in the order, and the order must protect a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer from significant expense resulting from compliance.

## (3) Quashing or Modifying a Subpoena.

- (A) When Required. On timely motion, the issuing court must quash or modify a subpoena that:
  - (i) fails to allow a reasonable time to comply;
- (ii) requires a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer to travel more than 100 miles from where that person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person - except that, subject to Rule 45(c)(3)(B)(iii), the person may be commanded to attend a trial by traveling from any such place within the state where the trial is held:
- (iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies; or
  - (iv) subjects a person to undue burden.
- (B) When Permitted. To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoena, the issuing court may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoena if it requires:
- (i) disclosing a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information;
- (ii) disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's study that was not requested by a party; or
- (iii) a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer to incur substantial expense to travel more than 100 miles to attend trial.
- (C) Specifying Conditions as an Alternative. In the circumstances described in Rule 45(c)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:
- (i) shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; and
- (ii) ensures that the subpoenaed person will be reasonably compensated.

#### (d) Duties in Responding to a Subpoena.

- (1) Producing Documents or Electronically Stored Information. These procedures apply to producing documents or electronically stored information:
- (A) Documents. A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents must produce them as they are kept in the ordinary course of business or must organize and label them to correspond to the categories in the demand.
- (B) Form for Producing Electronically Stored Information Not Specified. If a subpocna docs not specify a form for producing electronically stored information, the person responding must produce it in a form or forms in which it is ordinarily maintained or in a reasonably usable form or forms.
- (C) Electronically Stored Information Produced in Only One Form. The person responding need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.
- (D) Inaccessible Electronically Stored Information. The person responding need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.

## (2) Claiming Privilege or Protection.

- (A) Information Withheld. A person withholding subpocnaed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material must:
- (i) expressly make the claim; and
- (ii) describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the claim.
- (B) Information Produced. If information produced in response to a subpoena is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trialpreparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information to the court under scal for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.
- (e) Contempt. The issuing court may hold in contempt a person who, having been served, fails without adequate excuse to obey the subpoena. A nonparty's failure to obey must be excused if the subpoena purports to require the nonparty to attend or produce at a place outside the limits of Rule 45(c)(3)(A)(ii).

## Appendix A

You are required, in accordance with the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and the Definitions set forth below, to designate a person or persons to testify on your behalf at the deposition regarding the following matters:

- 1. Identifying Exhibit A and explaining what Exhibit A is.
- 2. Testifying as to whether Exhibit A is a true and complete copy of the Articles of Association of the PIF in force on September 19, 2006, and, if not, how Exhibit A differs from the Articles of Association of the PIF in force on September 19, 2006.
  - 3. Identifying Exhibit B and explaining what Exhibit B is.
  - 4. Testifying as to the authenticity of Exhibit A, Exhibit B and the Documents.
- 5. Testifying as to the manner in which, from whom and when you obtained the Documents.
- 6. Testifying as to the manner in which the Documents were copied in order to produce a copy to the plaintiffs pursuant to the instant subpoena.
- 7. Testifying as to the place and manner in which the Documents were stored, held and maintained between the dates on which the Documents were originally received by you and the date on which the Documents were copied in order to produce a copy to the plaintiffs.
- 8. Testifying as to the manner in which you generally stored, held and maintained documents of the same type as the Documents during the period between the date on which the Documents were received by you and the date on which the Documents were copied in order to produce a copy to the plaintiffs pursuant to this subpoena.
- 9. Testifying as to the dates on which each of the documents constituting the Documents was in force as the Articles of Association of the PIF.

## Appendix B

- 1. A complete and authentic copy of Exhibit A, including all exhibits and appendices thereto.
- 2. A complete and authentic copy of Exhibit B, including all exhibits and appendices thereto.
- 3. Complete and authentic copies of all Articles of Association of the PIF that were in force at any time.

## **DEFINITIONS**

- 1. "Exhibit A" shall mean the document attached hereto and marked as "Exhibit A."
- 2. "Exhibit B" shall mean the document attached hereto and marked as "Exhibit B."
- 3. "Documents" shall mean and include all of documents listed in Appendix B above.
- 4. "PIF" shall mean the Palestine Investment Fund.

, who issues or requests this subpoena, are:

AO 88A (Rev. 06/09) Subpoena to Testify at a Deposition in a Civil Action

# United States District Court for the Central District of California Estate of Ungar et al. Plaintiff<sup>\*</sup> Civil Action No. 00-105L Palestinian Authority et al. (If the action is pending in another district, state where: District of Rhode Island Defendant SUBPOENA TO TESTIFY AT A DEPOSITION IN A CIVIL ACTION To: The Democracy Council Testimony: YOU ARE COMMANDED to appear at the time, date, and place set forth below to testify at a deposition to be taken in this civil action. If you are an organization that is not a party in this case, you must designate one or more officers, directors, or managing agents, or designate other persons who consent to testify on your behalf about the following matters, or those set forth in an attachment: See Appendix A Place: Law Office of Greg Yaris Date and Time: 1875 Century Park East Suite 2200 11/15/2010 1:00 pm Los Angeles, CA 90067 The deposition will be recorded by this method: \_stenographically Froduction: You, or your representatives, must also bring with you to the deposition the following documents, electronically stored information, or objects, and permit their inspection, copying, testing, or sampling of the material: See Appendix B The provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 45(c), relating to your protection as a person subject to a subpoena, and Rule 45 (d) and (e), relating to your duty to respond to this subpoena and the potential consequences of not doing so, are attached. Date: 11/4//0 CLERK OF COURT OR Attorney's signature Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk The name, address, e-mail, and telephone number of the attorney representing (name of party) Estate of Ungar et al

David J. Strachman, 321 South Main Street, Suite 400, Providence, RI 02903, djs@mtlesq.com, (401) 351-7700

ivil Action No. 00-105	SL.	
	PROOF OF SERVICE	
(This sec	ction should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 45.)	
This subpoena fo	OT (name of individual and title, if any)	
as received by me on (d		
☐ I served the su	ubpoena by delivering a copy to the named individual as follows:	der de l'architectura de l'architectura de l'architectura de l'architectura de l'architectura de l'architectura
	on (date) ; or	
☐ I returned the	subpoena unexecuted because:	
I Inless the subno	nena was issued on behalf of the United States, or one of its officers or agents, I	have also
tendered to the w	vitness fees for one day's attendance, and the mileage allowed by law, in the am	
tendered to the w		
tendered to the w	vitness fees for one day's attendance, and the mileage allowed by law, in the am	
tendered to the w \$	vitness fees for one day's attendance, and the mileage allowed by law, in the am	ount of
tendered to the w \$	ritness fees for one day's attendance, and the mileage allowed by law, in the am  for travel and \$ for services, for a total of \$ enalty of perjury that this information is true.	ount of
tendered to the w  \$  Iy fees are \$  I declare under positive to the week to t	ritness fees for one day's attendance, and the mileage allowed by law, in the am  for travel and \$ for services, for a total of \$ enalty of perjury that this information is true.	ount of

Server's address

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

Document 598-1

#### (c) Protecting a Person Subject to a Subpoena.

- (1) Avoiding Undue Burden or Expense; Sanctions. A party or attorney responsible for issuing and serving a subpoena must take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to the subpoena. The issuing court must enforce this duty and impose an appropriate sanction — which may include lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fees - on a party or attorney who fails to comply.
  - (2) Command to Produce Materials or Permit Inspection.
- (A) Appearance Not Required. A person commanded to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or to permit the inspection of premises, need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless also commanded to appear for a deposition, hearing, or trial.
- (B) Objections. A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things or to permit inspection may serve on the party or attorney designated in the subpoena a written objection to inspecting, copying, testing or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises - or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoena is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:
- (i) At any time, on notice to the commanded person, the serving party may move the issuing court for an order compelling production or inspection.
- (ii) These acts may be required only as directed in the order, and the order must protect a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer from significant expense resulting from compliance.

#### (3) Quashing or Modifying a Subpoena.

- (A) When Required. On timely motion, the issuing court must quash or modify a subpoena that:
  - (i) fails to allow a reasonable time to comply;
- (ii) requires a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer to travel more than 100 miles from where that person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person - except that, subject to Rule 45(c)(3)(B)(iii), the person may be commanded to attend a trial by traveling from any such place within the state where the trial is held;
- (iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies; or
  - (iv) subjects a person to undue burden.
- (B) When Permitted. To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoena, the issuing court may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoena if it requires:
- (i) disclosing a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information;
- (ii) disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's study that was not requested by a party; or
- (iii) a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer to incur substantial expense to travel more than 100 miles to attend trial.
- (C) Specifying Conditions as an Alternative. In the circumstances described in Rule 45(c)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:
- (i) shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; and
- (ii) ensures that the subpoenaed person will be reasonably compensated.

- (d) Duties in Responding to a Subpoena.
- (1) Producing Documents or Electronically Stored Information. These procedures apply to producing documents or electronically stored information:
- (A) Documents. A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents must produce them as they are kept in the ordinary course of business or must organize and label them to correspond to the categories in the demand.
- (B) Form for Producing Electronically Stored Information Not Specified. If a subpoena does not specify a form for producing electronically stored information, the person responding must produce it in a form or forms in which it is ordinarily maintained or in a reasonably usable form or forms.
- (C) Electronically Stored Information Produced in Only One Form. The person responding need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.
- (D) Inaccessible Electronically Stored Information. The person responding need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasonably accessible because of unduc burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.
- (2) Claiming Privilege or Protection.
- (A) Information Withheld. A person withholding subpocnaed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material must:
  - (i) expressly make the claim; and
- (ii) describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the claim.
- (B) Information Produced. If information produced in response to a subpoena is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trialpreparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information to the court under seal for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.
- (e) Contempt. The issuing court may hold in contempt a person who, having been served, fails without adequate excuse to obey the subpoena. A nonparty's failure to obey must be excused if the subpoena purports to require the nonparty to attend or produce at a place outside the limits of Rule 45(c)(3)(A)(ii).

## Appendix A

You are required, in accordance with the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and the Definitions set forth below, to designate a person or persons to testify on your behalf at the deposition regarding the following matters:

- 1. Identifying Exhibit A and explaining what Exhibit A is.
- 2. Testifying as to whether Exhibit A is a true and complete copy of the Articles of Association of the PIF in force on September 19, 2006, and, if not, how Exhibit A differs from the Articles of Association of the PIF in force on September 19, 2006.
  - 3. Identifying Exhibit B and explaining what Exhibit B is.
  - 4. Testifying as to the authenticity of Exhibit A, Exhibit B and the Documents.
- 5. Testifying as to the manner in which, from whom and when you obtained the Documents.
- 6. Testifying as to the manner in which the Documents were copied in order to produce a copy to the plaintiffs pursuant to the instant subpoena.
- 7. Testifying as to the place and manner in which the Documents were stored, held and maintained between the dates on which the Documents were originally received by you and the date on which the Documents were copied in order to produce a copy to the plaintiffs.
- 8. Testifying as to the manner in which you generally stored, held and maintained documents of the same type as the Documents during the period between the date on which the Documents were received by you and the date on which the Documents were copied in order to produce a copy to the plaintiffs pursuant to this subpoena.
- 9. Testifying as to the dates on which each of the documents constituting the Documents was in force as the Articles of Association of the PIF.

## Appendix B

- 1. A complete and authentic copy of Exhibit A, including all exhibits and appendices thereto.
- 2. A complete and authentic copy of Exhibit B, including all exhibits and appendices thereto.
- 3. Complete and authentic copies of all Articles of Association of the PIF that were in force at any time.

## **DEFINITIONS**

- 1. "Exhibit A" shall mean the document attached hereto and marked as "Exhibit A."
- 2. "Exhibit B" shall mean the document attached hereto and marked as "Exhibit B."
- 3. "Documents" shall mean and include all of documents listed in Appendix B above.
- 4. "PIF" shall mean the Palestine Investment Fund.